

NexGate Chat — Phase 1

Foundation & Local Experiments

NexGate / QBIT SPARK | Version 1.0 *Spring Boot WebSocket · Commerce DMs · Offline Delivery*
· *Local Experiments*

Table of Contents

1. [Phase 1 Goals](#)
 2. [What Ships in Phase 1](#)
 3. [Architecture Overview](#)
 4. [The Four Wheels](#)
 5. [Service Design](#)
 6. [Data Flows](#)
 7. [Commerce DM Flows](#)
 8. [Offline Delivery & Notification Escalation](#)
 9. [Message Status System](#)
 10. [Database Schema](#)
 11. [Inbox Model Implementation](#)
 12. [Local Experiments](#)
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1. Phase 1 Goals

Phase 1 is about shipping fast and learning.

The goal is not to build the perfect infrastructure from day one. The goal is to get NexGate chat into users' hands as quickly as possible — while running local experiments in parallel that prepare for Phase 2.

Two tracks running simultaneously:

Track A – Production (ship it):

Spring Boot WebSocket
Text chat + voice notes
Commerce DMs (both flows)
Offline delivery + notifications
Message receipts
Isolated shop inbox

Track B – Experiments (learn it):

Ejabberd local Docker setup
Spring Boot ↔ Ejabberd auth bridge
WebRTC voice call on emulators
Coturn TURN relay local test
MessagePack encoding test

Phase 1 architecture is intentionally simpler than Phase 2. Everything designed here carries forward — the schema, the commerce logic, the notification system, the inbox model. Phase 2 only swaps the transport layer.

2. What Ships in Phase 1

Messaging Features

1:1 Personal DMs	text, voice notes, media cards
Group chats	up to 500 members
Broadcast channels	creator → fans (one-way)
Voice notes	Opus recorded, waveform rendered
Rich content cards	product, custom price, event, Bei ya pamoja, post, stream link

Commerce DM Features

Buyer initiates chat	from product page → product card auto-appears
Seller attaches product	WhatsApp-style from inside any conversation
Custom price offer	private to buyer, public price unchanged
Proceed to checkout	button in chat → redirects to checkout
Order updates in thread	confirmation, shipping, delivery

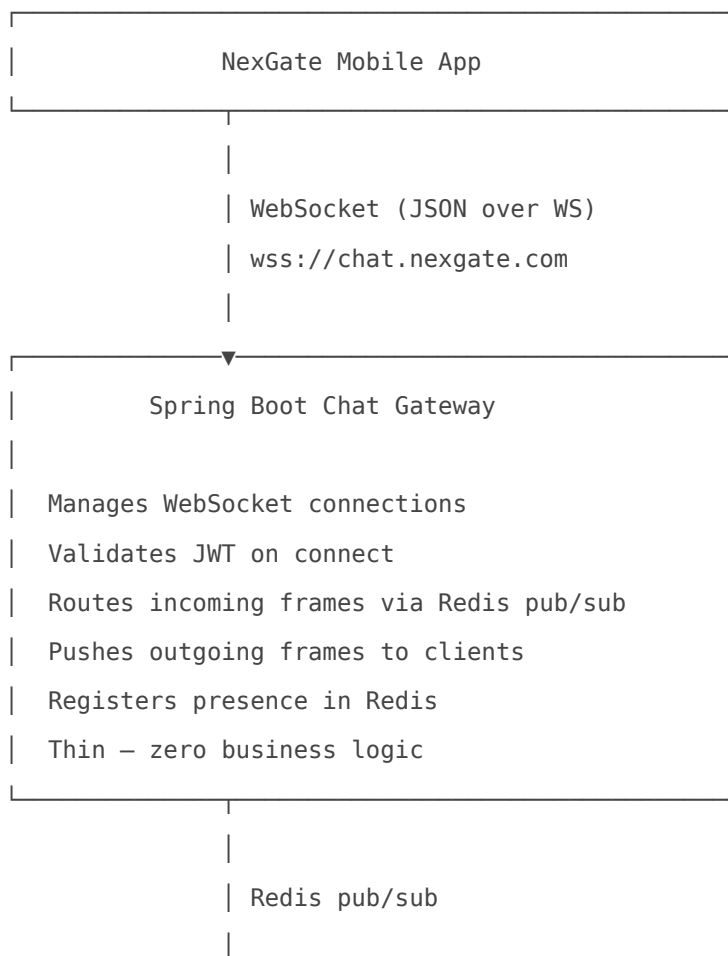
Inbox Features

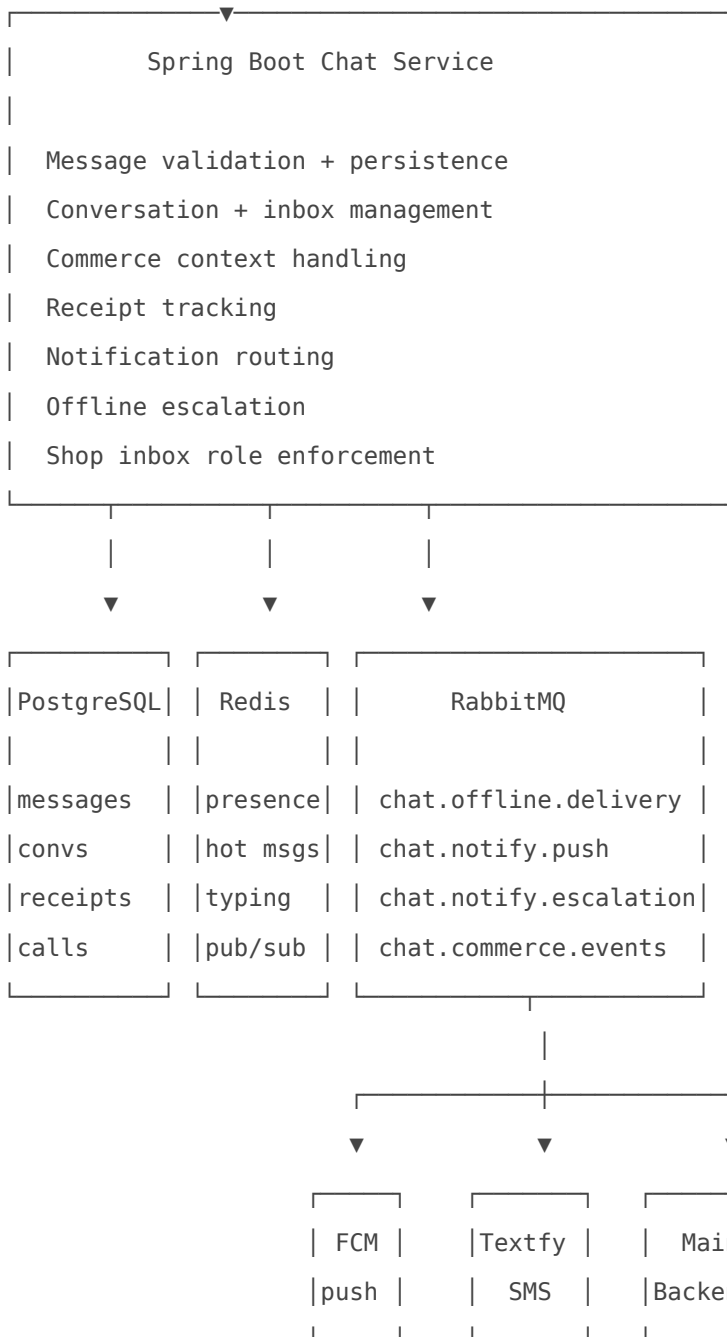
Isolated shop inbox	separate tab per shop
Personal inbox	always private, owner only
Shop inbox	shared with authorized staff (Pro tier)
Message receipts	sent / delivered / read ticks
Typing indicators	ephemeral, Redis TTL based
Online presence	shown in conversation header

Notification Features

FCM push (Android + iOS)	HIGH priority, bypasses Doze mode
Textfy SMS escalation	CRITICAL and IMPORTANT messages
Offline queue	RabbitMQ holds messages until delivery
Catch-up banner	summary on reconnect after offline

3. Architecture Overview





Key Rule

Gateway never touches business logic

Chat Service never manages WS connections

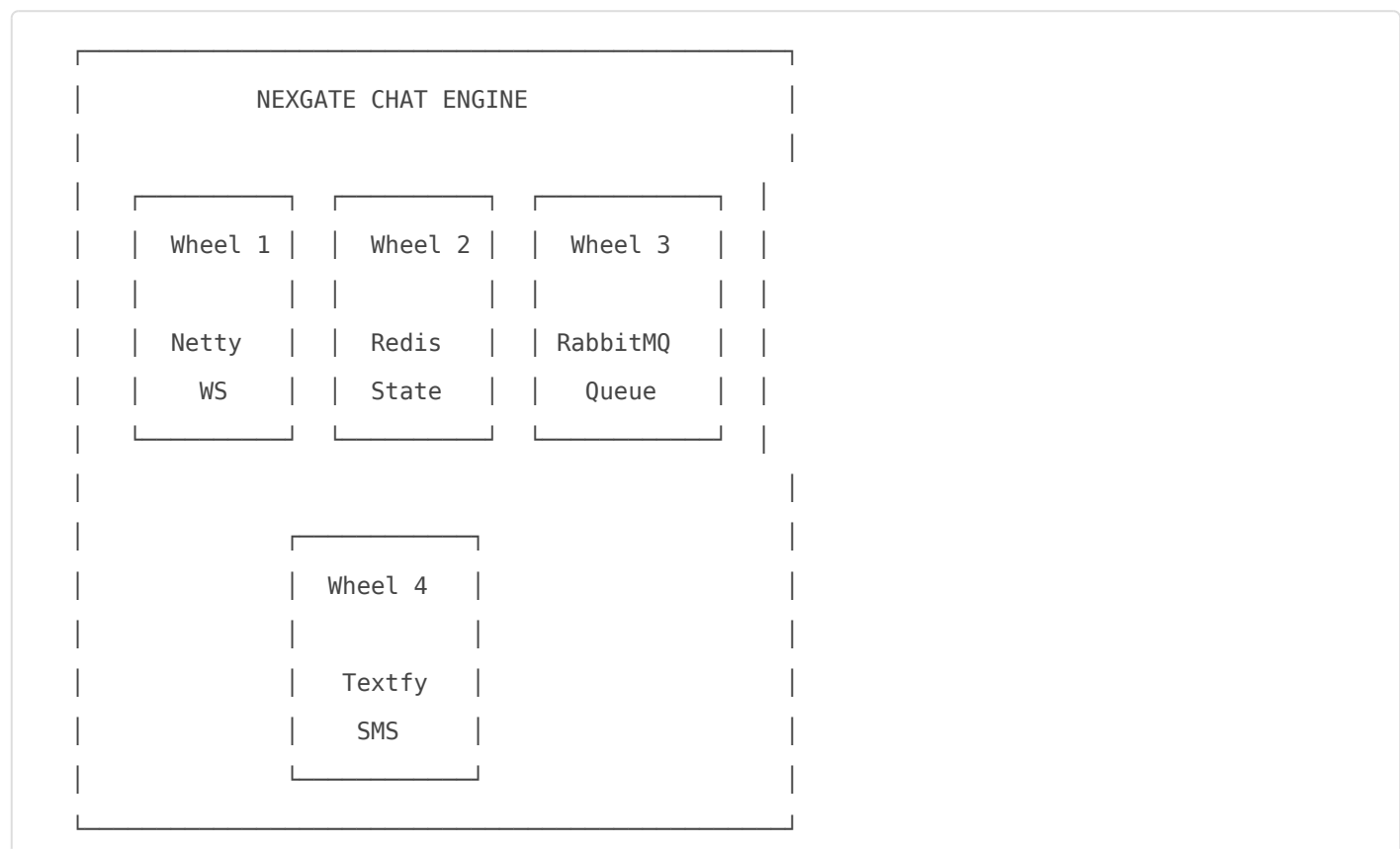
Both communicate only via Redis pub/sub

Gateway → Redis pub/sub → Chat Service (inbound)

Chat Service → Redis pub/sub → Gateway (outbound)

4. The Four Wheels

Just as File Thunder has four processing wheels, the Phase 1 chat engine has four foundational components:



Wheel 1 — Netty WebSocket Spring Boot uses Netty under the hood for WebSocket connections. Handles connect, disconnect, heartbeat, and frame routing. Scales to 50k+ concurrent connections per pod.

Wheel 2 — Redis State Tracks everything ephemeral and hot: online presence per user, typing indicators (5s TTL), last 50 messages per conversation (capped list), unread counts, cross-pod pub/sub routing, notification escalation timers.

Wheel 3 — RabbitMQ Queue Handles everything async: offline message delivery queue, delayed SMS escalation jobs, commerce event publishing to Main Backend, receipt acknowledgment processing.

Wheel 4 — Textfy SMS Critical and important message fallback. NexGate's own SMS platform — zero third-party cost. Swahili templates per message type. Deep links back to specific conversation. Full delivery audit log.

5. Service Design

Chat Gateway Responsibilities

On WebSocket connect:

- Validate JWT token

- Register user presence in Redis:

 - presence:{userId} → TTL 30s (refreshed by heartbeat)

- Drain offline queue via RabbitMQ trigger

On frame received (inbound):

- Validate session

- Publish to Redis: chat:inbound

- ACK client immediately with temp_id

On Redis pub/sub message (outbound):

- Find client connection for recipient

- Push WS frame to device

On WebSocket disconnect:

- Remove presence from Redis

- Update last_seen_at via RabbitMQ event

Chat Service Responsibilities

On inbound message event (from Redis):

- Validate sender is conversation member

- Check conversation not blocked/archived

- Resolve message level (NORMAL / IMPORTANT / CRITICAL)

- Write to PostgreSQL

- Write to Redis hot cache

- Fan-out to recipients:

 - Online → Redis pub/sub → Gateway → WS push

 - Offline → RabbitMQ queue + FCM + escalation timer

On commerce message:

- Attach product snapshot (frozen at send time)

Emit commerce event to Main Backend via RabbitMQ

On receipt ack:

Update message_receipts in PostgreSQL

Notify sender (tick update) via Redis pub/sub

On presence event (user online):

Drain RabbitMQ offline queue for user

Send catch-up summary if messages missed

RabbitMQ Exchange Design

Exchange: nexgate.chat (topic)

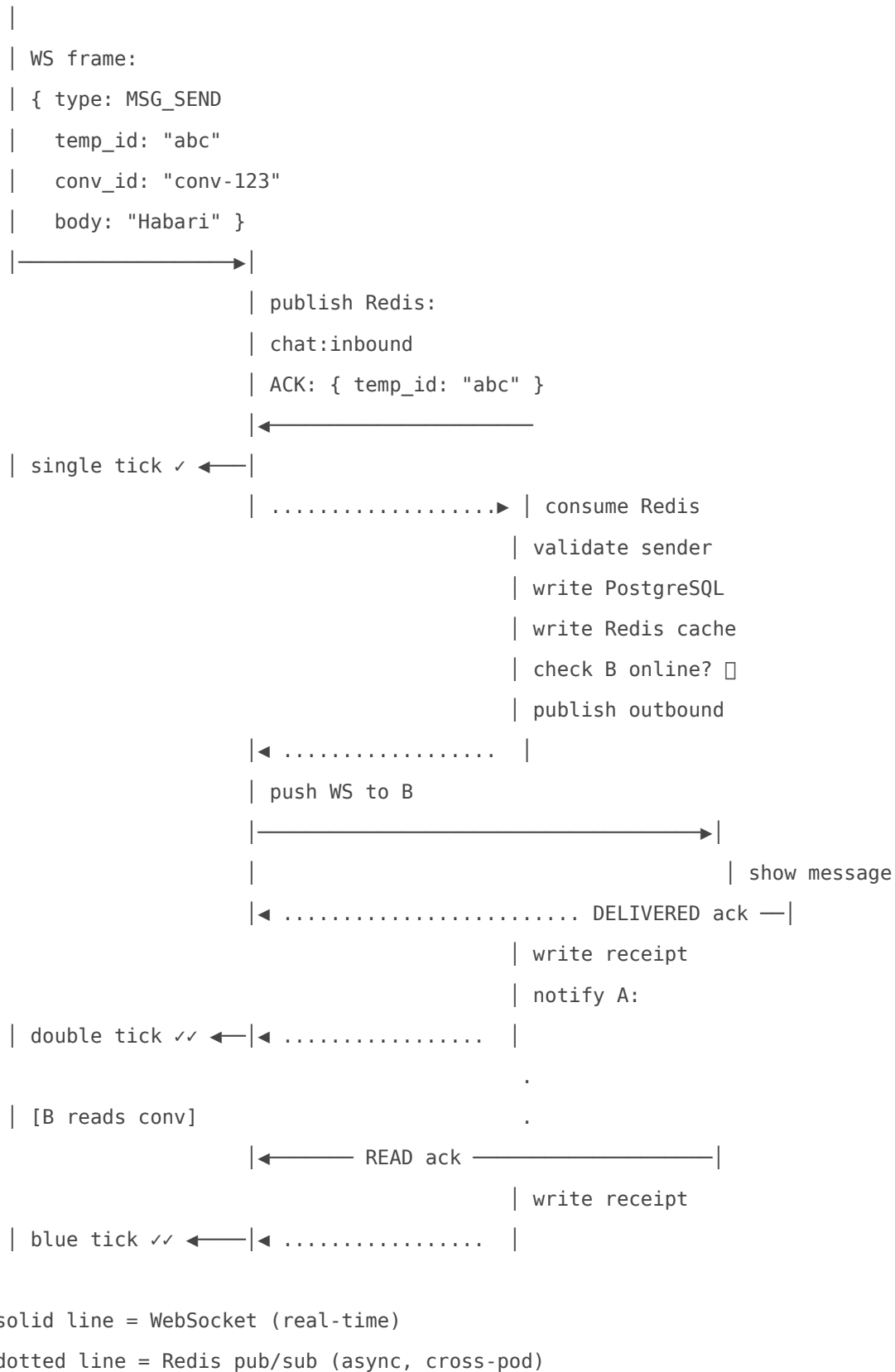
Routing Key	Flow
chat.message.inbound	Gateway → Chat Service
chat.message.outbound	Chat Service → Gateway
chat.notify.push	Chat Service → FCM Worker
chat.notify.escalation	Chat Service → SMS Worker
chat.receipts.delivered	Gateway → Chat Service
chat.receipts.read	App → Chat Service
chat.commerce.initiated	Chat Service → Main Backend
chat.commerce.price.attached	Chat Service → Main Backend
chat.presence.online	Gateway → Chat Service
chat.presence.offline	Gateway → Chat Service

6. Data Flows

Text Message — Full Sequence

[Client A] [Gateway] [Chat Service] [Client B]

```
type "Habari"
tap Send
show pending □
```



Voice Note — Send Flow

User records audio (Opus codec, 16kHz)

|

▼ Upload to File Thunder

GET /media/upload-request (DM_ATTACHMENT context)

→ presigned MinIO URL returned

Upload .ogg file directly to MinIO

POST /media/confirm { fileId }

|

▼ File Thunder processes:

ClamAV scan

Waveform extraction via FFmpeg

→ amplitude array (50 values for UI bars)

→ waveform.webp thumbnail

Store in nexgate-private/messages/{convId}/{fileId}/

|

▼ File Thunder returns: { fileId, waveformData[], durationSeconds }

|

App sends WS frame:

{ type: MSG_SEND

content_type: VOICE_NOTE

media_ref: fileId

duration_seconds: 15

waveform: [0.2, 0.8, 0.6, ...] } ← embedded for instant UI

|

▼ Same path as text message

Recipient receives message with waveform data

Waveform bars render instantly (no extra request)

Tap play → GET /chat/media/{fileId}/url

→ signed URL (5 min TTL)

→ stream audio progressively

Offline Delivery Flow

Message arrives for offline user B

|

Chat Service:

Check Redis: B online? ☐

|

└─→ RabbitMQ: chat.offline.delivery

|

{ messageId, recipientId, level }

|

```
|→ FCM HIGH priority push
|   { type: NEW_MESSAGE
|     convId, senderName, preview }
|
|→ RabbitMQ: chat.notify.escalation
    delay: CRITICAL=0min, IMPORTANT=10min
.
. (time passes)
.
```

Escalation consumer wakes:

```
Check Redis: B online now? ☐ → cancel, done
                ☐ → send Textfy SMS
```

```
|
```

Textfy SMS:

```
"NexGate: Ujumbe mpya kutoka Juma.
nexusgate.app/chat/conv-123"
```

```
|
```

User turns on WiFi / opens app:

```
WS reconnects → Gateway registers presence
Chat Service drains RabbitMQ queue (priority order)
CRITICAL first → IMPORTANT → NORMAL
Show catch-up banner:
    "Umekosa: 2 maagizo, 5 ujumbe"
DELIVERED receipts fire for all drained messages
```

7. Commerce DM Flows

Flow 1 — Buyer Initiates from Product Page

```
Buyer on product page
| taps "Chat with Seller"
▼
POST /chat/commerce/initiate
{ productId, shopId }
|
Chat Service:
    Find or create DM conversation
```

```
conversation.type = COMMERCE
conversation.owner_type = SHOP
conversation.owner_id = shopId
|
```

Fetch product snapshot from Main Backend:

```
{ name, price, images[0], stock, shopName }
Snapshot frozen at this exact moment □
Public price change later → does not affect this card
|
```

Create first message automatically:

```
type: PRODUCT_CARD
context_type: PRODUCT
context_ref_id: productId
snapshot_json: { frozen product data }
|
```

▼ Seller receives in shop inbox tab

```
| □□Samsung A15 |
| TZS 450,000 |
| In stock: 12 units |
| TechStore |
| |
| [Reply] [View Product] |
|
```

|

Negotiation happens in thread

| Agreement reached

▼

Seller attaches custom price offer:

```
| □□Special Price Offer |
| Samsung A15 |
| TZS 400,000 (was 450,000) |
| Valid for you only |
| |
| Quantity: [- 1 +] |
| [Proceed to Checkout →] |
|
```

|

Buyer taps Proceed → redirected to checkout
Checkout outside inbox – at negotiated price
Public product price: TZS 450,000 unchanged □
|
Order placed → confirmation back in thread:

□ Order Confirmed
Order #ORD-789
Samsung A15 × 1
TZS 400,000 paid

Flow 2 — Seller Attaches from Inside Chat

Seller inside any conversation

| taps attach (+)



Attach
□□Image
□□Voice Note
□□File
□□From My Shop ← this one
□□Event
□□Group Purchase

| taps "From My Shop"



Seller browses their shop products

Picks product

Sets custom price for this buyer (optional)



▼ Sends as card in chat

□□TechStore Offer
Samsung A15
TZS 400,000

```
| Quantity: [- 1 +] |
| [Proceed to Checkout →] |
|_____|
|
```

Buyer taps Proceed → checkout outside inbox

Commerce Message Types

message.type values for commerce:

PRODUCT_CARD	product shared in chat
CUSTOM_PRICE_OFFER	seller's private price for this buyer
EVENT_CARD	event shared in chat
GROUP_PURCHASE_CARD	Bei ya pamoja shared in chat
POST_CARD	VP Feed post shared in chat
ORDER_CONFIRMATION	system message after order placed
ORDER_STATUS_UPDATE	system message for shipping/delivery
PAYMENT_CONFIRMATION	system message after payment

8. Offline Delivery & Notification Escalation

Notification Levels

Message level resolved by Chat Service before fan-out:

CRITICAL:

Order placed / payment received / payment failed
Order status changed / delivery update
→ FCM HIGH + Textfy SMS simultaneously (no waiting)

IMPORTANT:

Commerce DM from buyer
Custom price offer received
Bei ya pamoja threshold reached

- FCM HIGH immediately
- Textfy SMS after 10 minutes if no delivery ack

NORMAL:

- Regular DMs, group messages
- Social cards, post shares
- FCM HIGH only
- No SMS escalation

Textfy SMS Templates

Order notification (Swahili):

"NexGate: Agizo jipya kutoka [Buyer]!
Kiasi: TZS [amount]. Kagua: nexgate.app/orders/[id]"

Payment received:

"NexGate: Malipo ya TZS [amount]
yamepokelewa kutoka [Buyer].
nexgate.app/wallet"

Commerce DM:

"NexGate: [Buyer] anakuuliza kuhusu
[Product]. Jibu: nexgate.app/chat/[convId]"

Bei ya pamoja:

"NexGate: Watu [n]/[target] wamejiunga!
nexgate.app/group-buy/[id]"

Notification Delivery Log

All notifications tracked for audit — critical for order disputes:

notification_log

id	UUID
user_id	UUID
message_id	UUID
level	ENUM (NORMAL/IMPORTANT/CRITICAL)
fcm_status	ENUM (SENT/DELIVERED/FAILED)

sms_status	ENUM (SENT/DELIVERED/FAILED/SKIPPED)
sms_provider	TEXT
sent_at	TIMESTAMPTZ
delivered_at	TIMESTAMPTZ
opened_at	TIMESTAMPTZ

9. Message Status System

Client shows status via tick indicators:

□ Pending	message on device, not yet sent (no connection)
✓ Sent	server received and persisted Gateway ACK returned with temp_id
✓✓ Delivered	recipient device received WS delivery ack received by Chat Service
✓✓ Read	recipient opened the conversation READ event sent by recipient app (blue ticks)

Flow:

[Send] → pending □
[Gateway ACK] → sent ✓
[Recipient WS ack] → delivered ✓✓
[Recipient opens conv] → read ✓✓ (blue)

Typing Indicators

Ephemeral – never persisted to PostgreSQL

User starts typing:

App sends: { type: TYPING_START, convId }

Chat Service sets Redis key:

typing:{convId}:{userId} → TTL 5 seconds

Redis pub/sub notifies conversation members

Recipients see "Juma anaandika..."

User stops typing (or TTL expires):

Key auto-expires after 5 seconds

Chat Service notifies: typing stopped

Indicator disappears

10. Database Schema

conversations

conversations

id	UUID	PK
type	ENUM	DM / GROUP / BROADCAST / COMMERCE
owner_type	ENUM	USER / SHOP
owner_id	UUID	userId or shopId
title	TEXT	for groups and broadcast channels
avatar_file_id	UUID	File Thunder fileId
status	ENUM	ACTIVE / ARCHIVED / BLOCKED
created_by	UUID	userId
created_at	TIMESTAMPTZ	

conversation_members

conversation_members

conversation_id	UUID	FK → conversations
user_id	UUID	
role	ENUM	MEMBER / ADMIN / OWNER
joined_at	TIMESTAMPTZ	
last_read_at	TIMESTAMPTZ	
last_read_seq	BIGINT	sequence ID (for gap detection)
is_muted	BOOLEAN	
muted_until	TIMESTAMPTZ	

messages

messages

id	UUID	PK
conversation_id	UUID	FK → conversations
sender_id	UUID	
seq	BIGINT	monotonic per conversation
type	ENUM	TEXT / IMAGE / VIDEO / VOICE_NOTE / FILE / PRODUCT_CARD / CUSTOM_PRICE_OFFER / EVENT_CARD / GROUP_PURCHASE_CARD / POST_CARD / ORDER_CONFIRMATION / ORDER_STATUS_UPDATE / PAYMENT_CONFIRMATION / SYSTEM
body	TEXT	
media_ref	UUID	File Thunder fileId
context_type	ENUM	PRODUCT / ORDER / PAYMENT / EVENT / GROUP_PURCHASE
context_ref_id	UUID	ref to relevant entity
snapshot_json	JSONB	frozen context data at send time
reply_to_id	UUID	FK → messages (thread replies)
status	ENUM	SENT / DELIVERED / READ / FAILED
level	ENUM	NORMAL / IMPORTANT / CRITICAL
created_at	TIMESTAMPTZ	
edited_at	TIMESTAMPTZ	
deleted_at	TIMESTAMPTZ	

message_receipts

message_receipts

message_id	UUID	FK → messages
user_id	UUID	
status	ENUM	DELIVERED / READ
device_id	TEXT	
timestamp	TIMESTAMPTZ	

calls

calls

call_id	UUID	PK
caller_id	UUID	
receiver_id	UUID	
conversation_id	UUID	FK → conversations
type	ENUM	VOICE / VIDEO
status	ENUM	RINGING / CONNECTED / COMPLETED / MISSED / DECLINED / FAILED
started_at	TIMESTAMPTZ	
answered_at	TIMESTAMPTZ	
ended_at	TIMESTAMPTZ	
duration_seconds	INT	
relay_used	BOOLEAN	was TURN relay used?
end_reason	ENUM	NORMAL / NETWORK / TIMEOUT / DECLINED

shop_conversation_access

shop_conversation_access

shop_id	UUID	
user_id	UUID	staff member
role	ENUM	MANAGER / SUPPORT_AGENT / READ_ONLY
granted_by	UUID	owner userId
granted_at	TIMESTAMPTZ	
revoked_at	TIMESTAMPTZ	

11. Inbox Model Implementation

Conversation Ownership

Personal DM:

owner_type = USER

owner_id = usr-kibuti

Access: only usr-kibuti

Shop DM:

owner_type = SHOP

owner_id = shop-techstore

Access: anyone with role in shop_conversation_access
for shop-techstore

Tab Resolution (App Side)

App fetches inbox tabs on load:

GET /chat/inbox/tabs

Response:

```
[  
  { type: PERSONAL, label: "Personal", unread: 3 },  
  { type: SHOP, shopId: "shop-techstore",  
    label: "TechStore", unread: 12 },  
  { type: SHOP, shopId: "shop-clothinghub",  
    label: "ClothingHub", unread: 0 }  
]
```

Chat Service resolves tabs by:

1. User's own personal conversations
2. All shops where user has role in
shop_conversation_access

Access Control Check

Every request to open a shop conversation:

Does requesting user own the shop?

YES → allow

NO → check shop_conversation_access:

user_id = requester

shop_id = conversation.owner_id

revoked_at IS NULL

Found? → allow with their role

Not found? → 403 Forbidden

12. Local Experiments

These run in parallel with Phase 1 production work. All throwaway code — not NexGate quality. Goal is understanding, not production output.

Experiment 1 — Ejabberd Local Docker

Goal: get Ejabberd running, send one message

Steps:

```
docker run -d --name ejabberd \  
  -p 5222:5222 \  
  -p 5280:5280 \  
  -p 5285:5285 \  
  ghcr.io/processone/ejabberd
```

Open: `http://localhost:5280/admin`

Create two test users: `alice`, `bob`

Install Conversations app on Android

Connect to `localhost:5222` as `alice`

Send message to `bob`

See it arrive

What you learn:

How Ejabberd config works

What XMPP stanzas look like in logs

How the dashboard shows connections

What errors look like and how to fix them

Success: message delivered between two test users

XMPP Stanzas — What They Look Like

When Alice sends "Habari" to Bob, this travels over the wire:

```
<!-- Alice sends message to Bob -->  
<message from="alice@localhost"  
  to="bob@localhost"
```

```

        type="chat"
        id="msg-001">
    <body>Habari</body>
    <active xmlns="http://jabber.org/protocol/chatstates"/>
</message>

<!-- Bob's typing indicator back -->
<message from="bob@localhost"
        to="alice@localhost"
        type="chat">
    <composing xmlns="http://jabber.org/protocol/chatstates"/>
</message>

<!-- Presence – Alice comes online -->
<presence from="alice@localhost/android">
    <show>available</show>
    <status>Ninafanya kazi</status>
</presence>

<!-- Message delivery receipt (XEP-0184) -->
<message from="bob@localhost" to="alice@localhost">
    <received xmlns="urn:xmpp:receipts"
        id="msg-001"/>
</message>

```

These stanzas are what Ejabberd routes. In Phase 2, NexGate wraps its own data inside custom XMPP stanzas.

Experiment 2 — Spring Boot Auth Bridge

Goal: Ejabberd calls Spring Boot to validate users

Setup:

Simple Spring Boot app (H2 in-memory DB)

One endpoint: POST /internal/ejabberd/auth

receives: { username, token }

returns: 200 (allow) or 401 (deny)

ejabberd.yml:

```
auth_method: http
auth_opts:
  url: "http://host.docker.internal:8080/internal/ejabberd/auth"
```

Test:

- Connect Conversations app to Ejabberd
- Ejabberd calls Spring Boot for auth
- Spring Boot validates → returns 200
- Connection allowed

What you learn:

- Auth flow between Ejabberd and Spring Boot
- How fast Spring Boot must respond (< 200ms)
- What happens when auth fails
- How to structure the internal endpoint

Success: Ejabberd rejects unknown users,
allows users Spring Boot approves

Experiment 3 — WebRTC Voice Call on Emulators

Goal: voice call between two Android emulators

Setup:

- Two Android Studio emulators running
- Simple Android app – just two buttons:
 - [Call] and [Answer]
- WebRTC library: io.getstream:stream-webrtc-android
- No UI – just logcat output

What to test:

- Create PeerConnection on both
- Exchange SDP offer/answer manually (copy-paste between logs)
- Exchange ICE candidates
- Hear audio between emulators

What you learn:

- How WebRTC PeerConnection works in practice

What SDP looks like
What ICE candidates look like
How long negotiation actually takes
What errors appear and how to fix them

Success: audio heard between two emulators

SDP offer example (what WebRTC generates):

```
v=0
o=- 123456 2 IN IP4 127.0.0.1
s=-
t=0 0
a=group:BUNDLE 0
m=audio 9 UDP/TLS/RTP/SAVPF 111
c=IN IP4 0.0.0.0
a=rtcp:9 IN IP4 0.0.0.0
a=ice-ufrag:someRandomString
a=ice-pwd:anotherRandomString
a=fingerprint:sha-256 AA:BB:CC:...
a=rtpmap:111 opus/48000/2    ← Opus codec negotiated here
a=fmtp:111 minptime=10;useinbandfec=1
```

Experiment 4 — Coturn TURN Relay

Goal: force audio through TURN relay, confirm it works

Setup:

```
docker run -d --network=host coturn/coturn \
  -n --log-file=stdout \
  --min-port=49152 --max-port=65535 \
  --lt-cred-mech \
  --user=test:password123 \
  --realm=nexgate.com
```

Test:

Disable P2P in WebRTC config (force TURN only)
Run voice call experiment
Confirm audio still flows through relay

What you learn:

- How Coturn logs relay connections
- Bandwidth used per call (check with iftop)
- How to generate HMAC credentials (not plain text)
- What happens when Coturn is unavailable

Success: audio heard between emulators via TURN relay
Coturn logs show relay traffic

Experiment 5 — MessagePack Encoding

Goal: compare JSON vs MessagePack on same message

Simple Spring Boot test:

- Serialize same chat message object
- Once as JSON
- Once as MessagePack

Measure:

- Byte size comparison
- Serialization speed
- Deserialization speed

Expected result:

- JSON: ~180-200 bytes per message
- MessagePack: ~60-70 bytes per message
- ~65% size reduction confirmed

Success: numbers prove EA bandwidth saving is real

Experiment Success Criteria Summary

Experiment 1 – Ejabberd local:

- ☐ Message delivered between two users
- ☐ Dashboard shows live connections

Experiment 2 – Auth bridge:

- ☐ Ejabberd rejects unknown tokens

- Ejabberd allows Spring Boot approved users

Experiment 3 – WebRTC emulators:

- Audio heard between two emulators
- SDP and ICE flow understood

Experiment 4 – Coturn relay:

- Audio heard via forced TURN relay
- Bandwidth per call measured

Experiment 5 – MessagePack:

- Size reduction confirmed
- Serialization speed measured

All five done → ready to write Phase 2 doc
→ ready to build NexGate chat Phase 2

Summary

Phase 1 is the foundation. It ships real features — text chat, voice notes, commerce DMs, offline delivery, the isolated shop inbox — using a clean Spring Boot WebSocket architecture that runs on existing infrastructure.

Everything designed here carries directly into Phase 2. The schema stays. The commerce logic stays. The notification system stays. The inbox model stays. Only the transport layer swaps — Spring Boot WS gateway out, Ejabberd in.

The five local experiments running in parallel are not wasted time. They are the insurance policy that makes Phase 2 a confident execution rather than a risky exploration. Every surprise Ejabberd, WebRTC, and Coturn have in store — you want to find them in a throwaway experiment, not in your production chat system.

NexGate Chat Platform — Phase 1: Foundation & Local Experiments v1.0 QBIT SPARK | Spring Boot WebSocket · Commerce DMs · Offline Delivery

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